

Answer:

In the Bible, the term “evildoer” refers to a person who engages in behavior that is morally wrong and contrary to God’s standards. For example, someone who commits sexual immorality—such as having children outside of marriage—is considered an evildoer.

Interestingly, the specific word “evildoer” (or “wicked person”) appears only once in the entire Bible, in the book of Job:

Job 30:8 (ESV):

“They are the sons of fools, yes, children of evildoers; they were driven out from the land, excluded from human society.”

This verse highlights that evildoers are those who live foolishly and outside the boundaries of righteousness, ultimately facing judgment and exclusion from the blessings of the land.

The Bible consistently teaches that those who practice evil will not inherit the kingdom or the blessings promised to the righteous. Instead, they are cast out or deprived of God’s favor:

Matthew 5:5 (NIV):

“Blessed are the meek, for they will inherit the earth.”

This beatitude reminds believers that inheritance of the land—symbolic of God’s blessing and kingdom—is reserved for those who live humbly and righteously, not for evildoers.

Practical Application:

Be vigilant against evildoing in all forms, including how one dresses and behaves. For example, in Scripture, certain types of clothing or outward appearance can reflect inner moral states. Modesty and propriety in dress are biblical principles. The Apostle Paul instructs:

1 Timothy 2:9 (ESV):

“Likewise also that women should adorn themselves in respectable apparel, with modesty and self-control...”

Furthermore, Deuteronomy 22:5 (NIV) clearly states:

“A woman must not wear men’s clothing, nor a man wear women’s clothing, for the Lord your God detests anyone who does this.”

This underlines the biblical principle of maintaining distinctions in gender expression as part of living in obedience to God’s design.

Inappropriate clothing that reveals too much of the body, or styles that are provocative or contrary to biblical instruction, can be considered part of evildoing because they reflect a disregard for God’s standards of holiness and order.

Other behaviors such as immoral speech, dishonest actions, or sinful pursuits likewise fall under the category of evildoing.

Remember: evildoers will not receive God’s blessings or inherit His kingdom, but those who live according to His ways—marked by humility, purity, and obedience—will be blessed.

Maranatha!

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