

## Understanding Paul’s Sorrow in Context

To understand what Paul meant, we need to read Romans 9:1–5

*1 I tell the truth in Christ, I am not lying, my conscience also bearing me witness in the Holy Spirit,  
2 that I have great sorrow and continual grief in my heart.  
3 For I could wish that I myself were accursed from Christ for my brethren, my countrymen according to the flesh,  
4 who are Israelites, to whom pertain the adoption, the glory, the covenants, the giving of the law, the service of God, and the promises;  
5 of whom are the fathers and from whom, according to the flesh, Christ came, who is over all, the eternally blessed God. Amen.*

In verse 3, Paul uses the Greek word *anathema*, translated “accursed,” which means to be devoted to destruction—utter separation from Christ. He is expressing a deep emotional burden: he would be willing to suffer eternal separation from Christ if it meant his fellow Israelites could be saved.

This is not a doctrinal statement that such a substitution is possible, but rather a heartfelt expression of self-sacrificial love.

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The Nature of Grace and Salvation

Paul is not suggesting that anyone can be damned in someone else’s place. Scripture is clear that:

- Each person is accountable for their own sin.

“The soul who sins shall die.” – *Ezekiel 18:20*

- Salvation is individual, not transferable.

“For by grace you have been saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God.” – *Ephesians 2:8*

What Paul is doing here is expressing the kind of Christ-like love that reflects Jesus’ own sacrifice. It mirrors Moses’ prayer in Exodus 32:32, where he said,

“Yet now, if You will forgive their sin, but if not, I pray, blot me out of Your book which You have written.”

Both Moses and Paul demonstrate the depth of godly love—a willingness to bear pain for the sake of others, even if not possible in practice.

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Why Was Paul So Grieved?

Paul knew that the Gospel had originally come to the Jews. Jesus Himself affirmed:

“You worship what you do not know; we know what we worship, for salvation is of the Jews.” – *John 4:22*

But when the majority of Jews rejected Christ, salvation was extended to the Gentiles. Paul explains this in Romans 11:11

“Through their fall, to provoke them to jealousy, salvation has come to the Gentiles.”

This transition meant Gentiles, who were once outside the covenant, were now included:

“That at that time you were without Christ, being aliens from the commonwealth of Israel and strangers from the covenants of promise, having no hope and without God in the world.” - *Ephesians 2:12*

“But now in Christ Jesus you who once were far off have been brought near by the blood of Christ.” - *Ephesians 2:13*

So while Gentiles were once “cut off,” they are now recipients of grace. Ironically, many Jews became “cut off” because of unbelief.

God’s Sovereignty and Human Responsibility

## Paul explains in Romans 11:30–31

*30 For as you were once disobedient to God, yet have now obtained mercy through their disobedience,  
31 even so these also have now been disobedient, that through the mercy shown you they also may obtain mercy.*

This reveals a key theological point: God’s mercy flows even through human rejection—not because rejection is good, but because God’s plan cannot be thwarted. He can turn even rebellion into an opportunity for others to receive grace.

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Is Paul’s Wish Possible?

No. Paul’s statement is emotional and loving, but not theologically possible. No one can give up their salvation for someone else. Salvation is not transactional between people—it is a personal relationship with God through faith in Christ.

“The righteousness of the righteous shall be upon himself,  
and the wickedness of the wicked shall be upon himself.” –  
*Ezekiel 18:20*

What Paul shows us is the depth of Christlike compassion—a heart that mirrors Jesus’ own willingness to die for sinners. Paul, like Christ, wished for the salvation of others, even if it cost him everything.

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A Personal Reflection

If Paul felt this burden for others, we should ask ourselves:

- Do I care about the salvation of my people—my family, my community?
- Do I pray for them with this kind of deep compassion?

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Have You Received This Grace?

If you haven’t yet received Christ, don’t delay. You are being offered the same mercy that once went to Israel and now includes all nations.

We are living in the last days, and the signs around us point clearly to the soon return of Christ. His arms are open now—but they won't always be.

“Behold, now is the accepted time; behold, now is the day of salvation.” – *2 Corinthians 6:2*

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May the Lord open your heart to His grace. Amen.

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